## **CLAIMS**

What is claimed is:

- 1. An apparatus for collecting blood clots, plaque, and other debris in arteries or veins, said apparatus comprising:
  - a filter assembly forming an elongated chamber;
  - a paddle assembly disposed in said chamber;
  - a porous floor disposed within and extending across said chamber; and a means for coupling said filter assembly to an artery and to a vein.
  - 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein:

said paddle assembly includes a rotatable axis and at least two paddles extending therefrom;

said paddles having a porous surface; and said pores in said porous surface being micro pores.

- 3. The apparatus of claim 2, wherein said axis extends at a generally perpendicular angle from said porous floor and generally along the axis of said chamber.
- The apparatus of claim 3, wherein:
   said chamber is generally cylindrical having a proximal end and a distal end;
   and

said porous floor is disposed adjacent to said distal end.

- 5. The apparatus of claim 4, wherein said porous floor is structured to allow blood to flow therethrough and to capture debris.
  - 6. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein:

said filter assembly includes an anterior wall;

said anterior wall having a one-way valve structured to allow blood to flow into said chamber; and

said distal end includes a one-way valve structured to allow blood to flow out of said chamber.

7. The apparatus of claim 6 wherein:

said filter assembly includes an engine having a shaft and structured to produce rotation in said shaft; and

said shaft coupled to said axis whereby said axis is rotated.

- 8. The apparatus of claim 7 wherein said means for coupling said filter to an artery and a vein is in fluid communication with said anterior wall one-way valve and said distal end one-way valve.
- 9. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein said means for coupling said filter to an artery and a vein includes:
  - a guiding catheter in fluid communication with said artery;
  - a catheter Y-adaptor;
  - a three-way stopcock;
  - an inflow tube; and

said guiding catheter, catheter Y-adaptor, three-way stopcock and inflow tube structured to be in fluid communication with each other and said anterior wall one-way valve whereby fluid within said guiding catheter may travel through said Y-adaptor, three-way stopcock and inflow tube into said filter assembly.

10. The apparatus of claim 9 wherein said means for coupling said filter to an artery and a vein includes:

an outflow tube in fluid communication with said distal and one-way valve;

a venous Y-adaptor;

a venous sheath in fluid communication with said vein; and

said outflow tube, venous Y-adaptor, and venous sheath structured to be in fluid communication with each other whereby fluid in said filter assembly is returned to said vein.

11. The apparatus of claim 10 wherein:

said guiding catheter has a distal end structured to be inserted in said artery; and

said distal end having an integral balloon.

- 12. A method of filtering thromboembolic debris from blood comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing a filter assembly having a chamber and a paddle assembly disposed in said chamber, said paddle assembly having a rotatable axis and at least two paddles extending therefrom;
  - (b) providing a guideline catheter having an integral balloon;
  - (c) inserting said catheter into a blood vessel;
- (d) coupling said guiding catheter to said filter assembly in fluid communication thereby allowing blood to flow through said filter assembly;
  - (e) rotating said axis and paddles in blood in said chamber.
- 13. An apparatus for collecting blood clots, plaque, and other debris in arteries or veins, said apparatus comprising:

a filter assembly forming an elongated chamber;

said chamber having a spherical inner chamber;

a paddle assembly disposed in said spherical inner chamber;

said paddle assembly includes a rotatable axis and at least two paddles extending therefrom;

a means for coupling said filter assembly to an artery and to a vein; and wherein said axis extends at a generally perpendicular to the axis of said chamber.

14. The apparatus of claim 13, wherein:

said paddles having a porous surface; and

said pores in said porous surface being micro pores.

- 15. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said porous surface is structured to allow blood to flow therethrough and to capture debris.
  - 16. The apparatus of claim 15 wherein:

said filter assembly includes an anterior wall;

said anterior wall having a one-way valve structured to allow blood to flow into said chamber; and

said distal end includes a one-way valve structured to allow blood to flow out of said chamber.

- 17. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein said filter assembly includes: an engine having a shaft and structured to produce rotation in said shaft; and said shaft coupled to said axis whereby said axis is rotated.
- 18. The apparatus of claim 17 wherein said means for coupling said filter to an artery and a vein is in fluid communication with said anterior wall one-way valve and said distal end one-way valve.
- 19. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein said means for coupling said filter to an artery and a vein includes:
  - a guiding catheter in fluid communication with said artery;
  - a catheter Y-adaptor;
  - a three-way stopcock;
  - an inflow tube; and

said guiding catheter, catheter Y-adaptor, three-way stopcock and inflow tube structured to be in fluid communication with each other and said anterior wall one-way valve whereby fluid within said guiding catheter may travel through said Y-adaptor, three-way stopcock and inflow tube into said filter assembly.

20. The apparatus of claim 19 wherein said means for coupling said filter to an artery and a vein includes:

an outflow tube in fluid communication with said distal and one-way valve; a venous Y-adaptor;

a venous sheath in fluid communication with said vein; and said outflow tube, venous Y-adaptor, and venous sheath structured to be in fluid communication with each other whereby fluid in said filter assembly is returned to said vein.

21. The apparatus of claim 20 wherein:
said guiding catheter has a distal end structured to be inserted in said artery;
and
said distal end having an integral balloon.